

## Beyond Savings—Four Steps to Bolster Your Future Retirement Security

Life-altering calamities can strike at any time and can challenge the best-laid financial plans. These events happen unexpectedly, and force us to deal with practical issues at a time when our emotional state may leave us struggling to think clearly.

Contrary to popular superstition, planning for these contingencies does not make them more likely to happen! Advance planning makes the adjustment to life's inevitable bumps smoother.

The centerpiece of a good retirement plan is saving an adequate amount in

workplace plans such as 401(k)s or IRAs and acquiring other assets such as a home. We can't emphasize that enough. **But, protecting these assets in the event of a tragedy is also important.** The death of a spouse, a long period of disability or myriad other tragedies can wipe out your savings and derail your retirement plans.

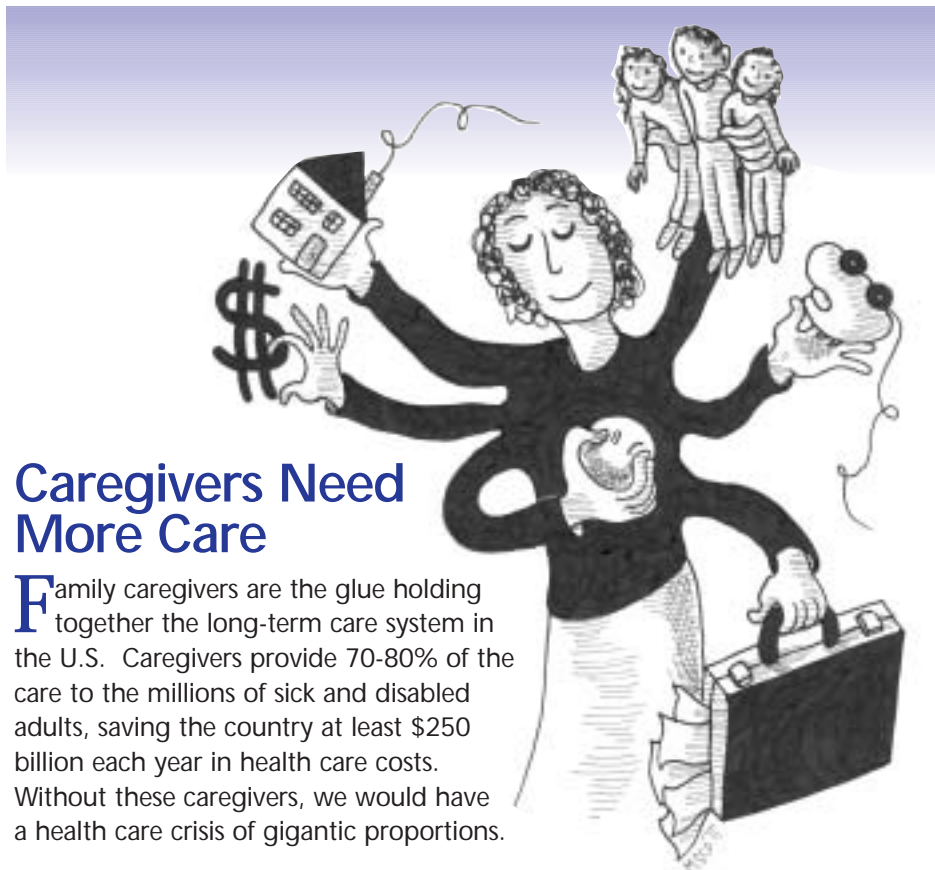
So, in addition to saving, here are four steps to bolster your financial security:

1. Assess your insurance needs and buy enough to protect yourself.
2. Create and agree on a will for you and your partner.
3. Check names on all accounts.
4. Organize and maintain files of financial information.

### *1. Assess Your Insurance Needs and Buy Enough to Protect Yourself*

There are four kinds of insurance women should have: disability, life, health and homeowner's insurance.

Disability insurance. Most people underestimate their risk of disability. For instance, did you know that disability is more often the result of illness than accident? Furthermore, workers at the age of 30 have a *one in three chance* of being disabled for three months or longer, and a woman at age 45 is three times more likely to



## Caregivers Need More Care

Family caregivers are the glue holding together the long-term care system in the U.S. Caregivers provide 70-80% of the care to the millions of sick and disabled adults, saving the country at least \$250 billion each year in health care costs. Without these caregivers, we would have a health care crisis of gigantic proportions.

A recent research report by the Family Caregiver Alliance points out that despite the importance of caregivers, the social services system focuses on the patient, and not the needs and health status of the caregivers.

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## From WISER's Executive Director



These days there is great interest in the coming wave of retiring Baby Boomers. It seems almost every day there are newspaper articles and studies being released. For example, take a look at the articles listed below and the studies posted on our new web site ([www.wiserwomen.org](http://www.wiserwomen.org)).

This interest is not lost on Capitol Hill. The Senate Aging Committee is planning to introduce a women's retirement bill that seeks to increase Americans' retirement savings, encourage income preservation, provide equity in divorce, reform military retirement, improve financial literacy and encourage small businesses to create employer retirement plans.

We expect some movement over the next few months—after all, it is an election year!



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# WISER

WOMENS INSTITUTE FOR A SECURE RETIREMENT

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Newsletter subscriptions are available for \$15. To subscribe, send your name, address, and a check to the address above.

## NO TIME? Quick Retirement Readiness Hits

Like so many women, you may find yourself with very little time to focus on actually planning for things, let alone planning for something as overwhelming as retirement. Relax! There are some things you can fit into a few spare moments. Keep this list handy, and the next time you find yourself with a few free minutes, try to accomplish one of these to-do's:

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1. **Make a rough estimate of your retirement needs.** Begin with WISER's worksheet "Get Your Ducks in a Row" located on our web site at [www.wiserwomen.org/ducks](http://www.wiserwomen.org/ducks).
2. **Find your Social Security benefits estimate.** A lot of people just toss this mailing aside without paying much attention to it. When the next one comes in (usually three months before your birthday), take a look at your earnings record to make sure it's correct.



You can also request a statement online at <https://s044a90.ssa.gov/apps6z/iss/main.html>.

3. **Review your 401(k) statement.** Then call your account administrator. Are you contributing as much as you can? What do you have to do to increase your contribution? Is your money spread out to a variety of investment types to limit your risk? Make sure you don't have too much invested in your company's stock (experts recommend no more than 10%!).
4. **Open an Individual Retirement Account (IRA).** Banks, credit unions, mutual fund companies and brokerage firms all offer IRA accounts. Preparing yourself for retirement doesn't always mean hours of work at a time. Take just a few minutes to sign up for an automatic deduction to an IRA. ☑

## WISER in the News

Cindy Hounsell was called to testify twice before the Senate to speak about the challenges women face in planning for retirement and to make policy recommendations.

- \* U.S. Senate Special Committee on Aging, March 16, 2006.
- \* U.S. Senate Committee on Banking, Housing and Urban Affairs, May 23, 2006.

To read her testimony, see our updated web site at [www.wiserwomen.org](http://www.wiserwomen.org).

WISER was also featured recently in the following publications:

*The Arizona Republic*, March 30

*Aging Today*, March/April

*The Chicago Tribune*, April 24

*Dallas Morning News*, June 17

*Glamour Magazine*, July



## Borrower Beware!

### Home Equity Loans Have Risks As Well As Benefits

**H**ardly a day goes by when consumers are not offered a "great deal" on borrowing against home equity to consolidate debts, improve their home or go on a dream vacation.

The rapid increase in home values in many parts of the country has led many consumers to regard the equity in their homes as a stash of money in the bank available for spending.

Sometimes, borrowing against home equity can be a smart move. If you have high interest debts, a home equity loan can help you pay them off and consolidate them into one low interest payment. Also, the interest on home equity loans is deductible on your federal taxes, while credit card and other consumer debt is not. Just about every lender will point out these favorable features to convince you to borrow against your home's value.

But, consider the "flip side" before signing the loan documents:

- \* **Home equity loans are essentially another mortgage on your home.** If you can't make the payments, you will lose your home. Be certain that you can make the payments before borrowing.
- \* **If you have to sell your home and find it declined in value after you took the loan, you will be responsible for a large loan payment,** with no source of funds to pay it back other than current earnings. It is hard to recover from this kind of financial hit.

\* **For many people, their home is their biggest retirement asset.** Equity in a home can be used in a "reverse mortgage" to help meet living expenses in retirement, or to buy a spot in an assisted living facility. If you spend the equity in your home prior to retiring, you will be left with only your Social Security benefits and retirement accounts to live on. Borrowing against your home equity for current consumption—vacations, cars and other items—prevents you from being able to use your home to help finance life after retirement.



\* **Never borrow more than the value of your home.** Lenders offering loans up to 125 percent of the value of your home are in a "win-win" situation. If you default, they get your house. If your house value doesn't increase as you expect, and you sell it, you will owe the lender the difference between the sale price and the amount of your loan. Some shady

lenders target these loans to individuals with debt and credit problems, who may see these loans as a way to get their finances under control. It is more likely the step that will sink them.

- \* **If you are borrowing to make home improvements, be sure that they will increase your home's value.** A realtor in your area might be a good source of advice. Many consumers are surprised to find that their home improvements did not translate into a higher sales price for their home.
- \* **Some people who borrow to consolidate credit card debt will simply run up more debt after taking the home equity loan.** The result is double the amount of debt. Carefully examine the reasons why you are in debt, and make a plan to stay out of debt before borrowing against your home equity. Rather than borrowing against your home, try to revamp your household budget, cut back on expenses and double up on monthly credit card payments. You might be able to work a second part-time job for a year, and devote all the extra income to debt reduction.

So, the next time you're in line at the bank and see a poster offering a great home equity deal with a picture of a family playing on the beach, close your eyes and picture the retirement of your dreams instead. ☹️

#### Did You Know?

In 2004, the amount owed in home equity loans was \$719 billion, a 33% increase from the previous year.

## Future Retirement Security

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be disabled than to die prematurely. A disability often occurs suddenly and has a dramatic effect on your ability to cover living expenses, and it frequently wipes out savings, including retirement savings.

Check to see what disability coverage you might already have at work. If you need additional coverage, it's often less expensive to buy more through an existing employer plan than to buy coverage on your own. If you're single (without dependents) and have to choose between disability and life insurance, choose disability.

cent. The extra 20 percent is a precautionary measure in case there isn't an opportunity for employment or benefits to kick in after a partner's death. A few dollars more a month will buy a lot of breathing room later. If you are single and have no dependents, you don't need life insurance; instead, spend the money to buy disability insurance.

Many employers offer life insurance to full-time employees, and these policies provide an excellent base. If you need more insurance, get several quotes before buying a policy. If

birth. It is important that your policy protects the people you want to protect in the event of your death.

Health insurance. If you can afford a comprehensive plan, by all means get it, but if not, it's worth considering a catastrophic health insurance policy to cover a medical crisis which could ruin a family budget for years to come.

If you can't enroll in a group plan and have a chronic condition that prevents you from buying an individual plan, check with your state's insurance department to see if you might qualify for plans available for people in your circumstances.

Employers are not required to offer health care plans, and they are not required to cover everybody they employ. Most companies that offer health benefits require that you work a certain number of hours per year to qualify, so it is worth finding out if altering your work schedule would change your eligibility for benefits.

Medicaid provides health coverage for low-income individuals and families. Low- and moderate-income children can often be covered through the State Children's Health Insurance program. Call your state Medicaid office for information.

Homeowner's insurance. Lenders will require you to have homeowner's insurance if you have a mortgage. Never let the policy lapse without having another in place, or lenders may force you into a very expensive plan of their choosing. You still need homeowner's insurance if your home is paid for. For many people, their home is their biggest retirement asset. Don't risk losing it. If you need to reduce costs, raise the deductible to lower your premiums. You may also want to



If you don't have coverage at work, research the terms of disability insurance products carefully and buy from a reputable company. Both The Actuarial Foundation and The Consumer Federation of America offer excellent information on disability and purchasing coverage. See their websites: [www.actuarialfoundation.org](http://www.actuarialfoundation.org) and [www.consumerfed.org](http://www.consumerfed.org).

Life insurance. Each wage-earning spouse should buy enough life insurance in their working years to cover all of the couple's joint debts, like mortgages and student loans, plus 20 per-

cent. If you're on a tight budget, avoid whole life policies, which are essentially investment vehicles for your children, and get instead term life, which will protect you for a span of years while you're financially more vulnerable, such as when you have young children. It won't pay out a benefit after the term, but it is significantly less expensive than whole life.

Check the beneficiary on your policy periodically. Many people forget to do this when their life circumstances change, such as marriage or child-

### Did You Know?

Over 70 percent of American adults do not have a current will—probably the most important legal document that you will ever sign.

## Future Retirement Security

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look into an umbrella policy that would cover your house and your car at a reduced rate.

### 2. Create and Agree on a Will for You and Your Partner/Spouse

Make sure that wills are drawn up and that you have a notarized original copy, a lawyer has a copy, and there is a copy in a safe deposit box. Review and update your will every five years or with the acquisition of new assets. Don't risk you or your spouse becoming impoverished because it is not clear how assets are to be divided upon death.

### 3. Check Names on All Accounts

If you are married and one of you dies suddenly, it could be very difficult to resume payment schedules if the account or home purchases are listed only in one name.

If you are single, make sure to designate a Durable Power of Attorney to manage your accounts in case you are incapacitated. A free form can be found at [http://www.expertlaw.com/library/estate\\_planning/durable\\_power\\_of\\_attorney.html](http://www.expertlaw.com/library/estate_planning/durable_power_of_attorney.html) however you should have a lawyer review the paperwork to make sure it meets all your needs.

### 4. Organize and Maintain Files of Financial Information

Keep up-to-date copies of bank account numbers, safe deposit information, insurance beneficiary information,

retirement accounts, tax returns going back seven years, mutual fund statements, copies of health, homeowner's, and auto insurance policies, the lease or mortgage information for your home, birth, marriage and death certificates, and wills, trusts and powers of attorney, including your living will or health care power of attorney. Make sure your spouse, adult children or other beneficiaries know where to find the files.

In addition to saving, each of these four steps is important to ensuring your financial stability. With them, you can put the pieces in place to minimize the financial impact of illness, divorce or other life-changing events. ☒

#### Where's WISER? In Chicago!

Cindy Hounsell will be presenting "Women Alone: Managing the Risks of Retirement" at the 31st Annual Conference of the National Association of Area Agencies (n4a). N4A gathers members of over 650 organizations throughout the country that are dedicated to serving the needs of the aging.

Their annual conference will be held from August 6th – 8th in Chicago. For more information about the event see the N4A web site at [www.n4a.org](http://www.n4a.org).

## Caregivers

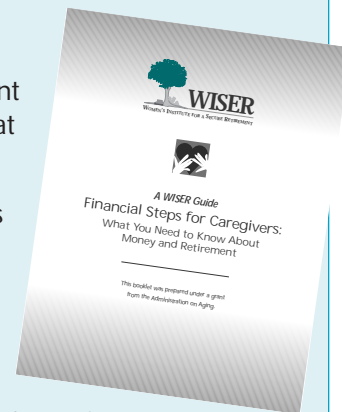
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Undisputed research shows that caregivers face a host of serious problems including work overload, role and family conflict, worry, stress, financial difficulties, feelings of entrapment and legal problems. Caregivers give up jobs, hobbies, friendships and even postpone their own medical care to free up time and resources to care for someone else.

The report urges policymakers to make assessment of caregivers a part of the social services system so that caregivers can receive necessary health and supportive services. This enhances their own welfare, and also makes it more likely that they can maintain their caregiving role.

To fail to do so, the authors point out, puts millions of people at risk in this country.

If you are a family caregiver, it is important to plan for your own retirement security. See WISER's tool for financial planning for caregivers available on our website. Also, see [www.caregiver.org](http://www.caregiver.org) for more information on an array of related topics. ☒



## Book Review of *Women Confronting Retirement*


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Just a few decades ago, the majority of women were mainly defined as wives and mothers. When women worked outside the home, it was usually out of financial necessity or was work that did not interfere with their primary roles. However, the women who are retiring now, or thinking about retirement, developed a different attitude towards their work. For many, their careers defined who they are—both to themselves and to others.

*Women Confronting Retirement*, by Nan Bauer-Maglin and Alice Radosh,



is a compelling story that chronicles the voice of women—their experiences, fears and hopes. Many are struggling with the loss of power, while others are redefining retirement as the time and opportunity to increase activism. Still others have rejected the notion of retirement altogether.


The book is available through on-line stores, such as Amazon.com and Rutgers University Press. Prices range from approximately \$10 to \$22 depending on vendor. 

## WISER's Mission

To improve the long-term financial security of all women through education and advocacy. As the only organization to focus exclusively on the unique financial challenges that women face, WISER supports women's opportunities to secure fair pensions and adequate retirement income through research, workshops, and partnerships.

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### Next Issue:

 **Paying for Healthcare in Retirement**

## WISERWoman

A QUARTERLY NEWSLETTER FROM THE  
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